

RAF - FISCAL FOLLOW-UP REPORT • MAY 2017 • N. 4

Destagues

- Latest data show income recovery, but employment is still expected to fall in 2017.
- Spending cuts announced for 2017 are feasible.
- Social security reform is a necessary condition for the survival of primary expenditure ceiling.
- Our calculation of the expenditure reduction margin suggests a long way to fiscal adjustment.

Sumário

- Real income indicators point to some improvement **guided by the fall in inflation**. This is, despite the nominal income of workers is not in a clear recovery path, the persistent fall of inflation produces a real income gain. The dynamics of the job market is still bad, and it is expected some **1% drop in employment level** by 2017.
- Recently, federal government announced spending cuts of around R\$ 42 billion (US\$ 13.5 billion¹).
 Past experience shows that this level of restraint is feasible, although it should jeopardize investment and social spending, given the budget rigidity imposed by mandatory spending.
- The approval of the social security reform (PEC No. 287/2016) became the central element of
 fiscal adjustment in the medium and long term. Without modifications that significantly shift
 primary spending trajectory, the fulfillment of constitutional amendment 95 (expenditure ceiling)
 would be compromised.
- The approval of main points of social security reform would help the fulfillment of the
 expenditure ceiling in 80% of the first ten years of the rule. However, these results rely on the
 degree of modification in relation to the original proposal submitted to Congress.
- The fiscal margin expenditure reduction space is around R\$ 114 billion (US\$ 36.7 billion) in 2017. Of these, federal government intends to cut R\$ 42.1 billion (US\$ 13.5 billion). Fiscal margin includes public investments, social spending, among other current expenses. We show that an alternative scenario "without social security reform" would prevent federal government from fulfilling the expenditure ceiling, even using all the fiscal margin.

¹ At an exchange rate of R\$ 3.11 per US\$ 1.00.